# Warringal Orchid Society

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The next committee meeting will be at 7.30pm on Wednesday 6<sup>TH</sup> of DECEMBER, at the Bellfield Community Hall.

The Warringal Orchid Society meets every third Wednesday of the Month at the Senior Citizens Hall in Hawdon Street, Heidelberg.

The next meeting of the society will be on Wednesday 15<sup>TH</sup> of NOVEMBER. The hall will be open from 7.00pm, and you are welcome to bench plants for judging and to socialise with other members. A sales table operates its pots and other orchid accessories available, and members are able to submit up to 6 orchids for sale for a small commission. See the sales table for details. Please be seated on time for the meeting to commence at 8.00pm.

This month's speaker is Grant Garrett a senior judge and fellow club member who will speak on awarded plants for the year. Grant is an interesting speaker one not to be missed. Come along and see if your plants look like the ones shown on the big screen. It's also a chance to ask some questions of Grant as to how the judges make their judgements.

Please take note the notifications inside this month's bulletin, you don't want to miss out on anything

JUDGING RESULTS for OCTOBER.		2 <sup>nd</sup> Npp. Adelaide x Zga Adelaide Meadows	
OPEN			B.Duncan
Australian Native Species		Species Any Genera	
1 <sup>st</sup> D.Kingianum	J.Crawford	1 <sup>st</sup> Cym. Ebernum	A.Christou
2 <sup>nd</sup> D.Linguiforme	L&J.Karbownik	2 <sup>nd</sup> Pholidota Chinensic	G&C.Dimech
D.Tetrogonum	G&C.Dimech	3 <sup>rd</sup> Onc Croesus	G&C.Dimech
Australian Native Hybrid		Best In Section	
1 <sup>st</sup> D.Australian Beauty x Tya	bb G&C.Dimech	Cym Eburnum	A.Christou
2 <sup>nd</sup> S.First Light	J.Khoo	INTERMEDIATE	
3 <sup>rd</sup> D.Elegant Starlight x Spec	iosum J.Crawford	Standard Cymbidium	
<b>Novelty Cattleya</b>		1 <sup>st</sup> Kalahari Pepper Karen	J.Guario
1 <sup>st</sup> Mango Spice	E&D.Baxter	Miniature Cymbidium	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Bc Fuchs Orange Nugget	G&C.Dimech	1 <sup>st</sup> Tuffet Cathy	M.Grzan
3 <sup>rd</sup> L.arpophyll x S.Coccinea	G&C.Dimech	2 <sup>nd</sup> Tuffet Kathy	S.Grzinic
Masdevallia Hybrid		3 <sup>rd</sup> Sara Jean Show	L&A.Shepherd
1 <sup>st</sup> Copper Angel Highlands G&C.Dimech		Dendrobium	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Bridie Beenak Triangulan	is B.Duncan	1 <sup>st</sup> D.Thompson	L&A.Shepherd
3 <sup>rd</sup> Rubicon x Tuckau Candy	B.Duncan	2 <sup>nd</sup> D.Maleres Hot Pink	M.Volodina
Masdvallia Species		Any Other Hybrid	
1 <sup>st</sup> Coccinea var alba Snowbird B.Duncan		1 <sup>st</sup> Zygo Arthur Elle Kiwi Choice S.Grzinic	
<b>Novelty Paphiopedilum</b>		Species Any Genera	
1 <sup>st</sup> Unknown	J.Crawford	1 <sup>st</sup> Cym Lowianum	J&H.Prosser
2 <sup>nd</sup> Unknown	G&C.Dimech	Odontoglossum	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Copper Spice	E&D.Baxter	1 <sup>st</sup> Ode Tiger Bars	L&A.Shepherd
Paphiopedilum Species		Best In Section	
1 <sup>st</sup> Spicerianum	B.Duncan	C.Tuffet	M.Grzan
Oncidium		ADVANCED NOVICE	
1 <sup>st</sup> Unknown	E&D.Baxter	<b>Australian Native Species</b>	
Miniature Cymbidium		1 <sup>st</sup> Sarc Hartmannii	M.Brisi & B.O'Reilly
1 <sup>st</sup> Eye of the Tiger	T.Phillipou	Australian Native Hybrid	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Miss Muffett x Black Opa	l A.Christou	1 <sup>st</sup> Elegant Heart Ozzie	F.Verlann
3 <sup>rd</sup> Miss Muffett	Unknown	2 <sup>nd</sup> Annes Rainbow Surprise	F.Verlann
Any Other Hybrid		3 <sup>rd</sup> King Frosty x Lilac Frost	M.Brisi & B.O'Reilly
1 <sup>st</sup> Phrag Caudatum	G&C.Dimech		

Cattleya		J.Khoo	43
1 <sup>st</sup> Deni's Joy	M.Brisi & B.O'Reilly	G.Garrett	23
Miniature Cymbidium		G.Browning	35
1 <sup>st</sup> Mary Green Little Annie &.B.O'Reilly	M.Brisi	A.Fernandez	35
2 <sup>nd</sup> Tethy's Black Magic	F.Penman	W&S.Pantelejenko	32
3 <sup>rd</sup> Radiant Ruby Aussie Gem B.O'Reilly	M.Brisi &	T.Philipou N.Gaskett	29 23
Paphiopedlum		S&H.Randell	19
1 <sup>st</sup> Chauvetti Van Dyke	F.Penman	J.Sharam	19
Best I n Section		B.Rowlands	18
Paph Chauvetti Van Dyke F.Penman  NOVICE		L.T.Leip	17
		J&F.Spiteri	17
Miniature Cymbidium		A&P.Pleitner	13
1 <sup>st</sup> Unknown	J.Banitsiotis	K.Box	11
2 <sup>nd</sup> Miss Muffet	J.Banitsiotis	S.Giarrusso	8
3 <sup>rd</sup> Mary Green	M.Holding	G.Bell	7
Any Other Hybrid		F&T.Nguyen	5
1 <sup>st</sup> Lc Orange Beauty x Leopold J.Banitsiotis <b>BestIn Section</b>		S&B.Nguyen	5
		INTERMEDIATE	
Cym Unknown	J.Banitsiotis	C.Krolikowski	73
PROGRESSIVE POINTS for 2017 these will reflect		L&A.Shepherd	52
points that were accrued from the Spring Show.		J&H.Prosser	46
OPEN		A.Magnano	35
J.Crawford	246	M.Grzan	34
G&C.Dimech	204	L.Smith	31
D.Wain	83	S.Grzinic	31
A.Christou	81	M.Volodina	28
L&J.Karbownik	77	G&M.Van Remmen	9
B.Duncan	65	J.Guario	4
W.Garner	62	ADVANCED NOVICE	
M&L.Bostejl	62	M.Brisi & B.O'Reilly	337
K.Lam	51	F.Verlann	41
E&D.Baxter	48	J.Jenkins	37
V&N.Kluchkovski	48	F.Penman	16

N.Levett	11
J.Haniver	8
B.Hallil	7
Z.Giavris	4
NOVICE	
J.Banitsiotis	17
C.Ling	11
P.Kennedy	9
K.Ridgway	4
M.Holding	2

### **DATES**

The Club BBQ and get together again is beig held at George and Chris's home at 77 Carrington Blvd Thomastown, on the 19<sup>th</sup> NOVEMBER. It's a great day, very relaxed and sociable, so come along and enjoy the company of your fellow club mates. All your have to bring is your drinks and a plate to complement the BBQ, 11am onwards. Sunshine has been ordered.

# Christmas and End of Year Break up.

Is being held this year on the 20<sup>th</sup> of DECEMBER, at the Hawdon street meeting hall. Please note this is the third Wednesday of the month due to availability of the caterer. It's \$27 for members and \$30 for non-members. A great meal and get together to celebrate the past year and to make some predictions for next year. See Lenore at our next meeting to book your place. Please be seated by 6.30 for the caterer to start on serving our wonderful meal A great night not to be missed.

#### **CLUB SEEDLINGS**

Here's our last chance to show off our seedlings, we have grown on and looked after so kindly all year so bring them in for all to see.

### **SHOW DATES for 2018**

Here's a bit of forward planning, the dates for the Shows are......

WARRINGAL ORCHID SOCIETY

Winter 3/4/5 AUGUST.

Spring 5/6/7 OCTOBER.

#### MURPHY'S LAW

Murphy drops some buttered toast on the kitchen floor and it lands butter-side up. He looks down in astonishment, for he knows that it's a law of nature of the universe that buttered toast always lands butterside down.

So he rushes around to the church to fetch Fr Flanagan. He tells the priest that a miracle has occurred in his Kitchen, but he won't say what it is, and asks him to come and see it with his own eyes. He leads Fr Flanagan into the kitchen and asks him what he sees on the floor.

"Well", says the priest, "It's pretty obvious. Someone dropped buttered toast on the floor and then, for some Reason, flipped it over so that the butter was on top." "No Father, I dropped it and it landed like that!" exclaimed Murphy.

"Oh my Lord," says the priest, "dropped toast never falls with the butter side up. It's a mir.... wait ... it's not for me to say it's a miracle. I'll have to report this matter to the Bishop and he'll have to deal with it. He will send some people around to interview you, take photos, etc."

A thorough investigation is conducted, not only by the archdiocese, but by scientists sent over from Rome. No Expense is spared. There is great excitement in the town as everyone knows that a miracle will bring in much needed tourism revenue.

Then, after many long weeks and with great fanfare, the Bishop announces the final ruling. "It is certain that some kind of an extraordinary event took place in Murphy's kitchen, quite outside the natural laws of the universe."

However in this case, it has been declared 'No Miracle" because it is thought that Murphy may have buttered the toast on the wrong side!"

## **WATERING ORCHIDS IN SUMMER by Brian Milligan**

Most orchid growers agree that in winter orchids should be watered in the morning, preferably on sunny days when the temperature is rising, so that the foliage is dry by nightfall. Watering in summer is more controversial. For a typical summer day in Melbourne with a maximum temperature around 25°C, I stick to the winter schedule and water in the morning. Foliage that remains wet overnight is prone to fungal attack, especially if the relative humidity is high. Glasshouses and other enclosed structures are always humid at night when the temperature falls.

Watering in hot weather, when temperatures exceed 30°C, and especially when hot, dry northerly winds are blowing, is another matter. Under these conditions small pots watered in the morning will be dry by midday. Watering in the evening is then much better, as the plants have all night to absorb water through their roots. If the weather is very hot, I water my small pots (up to 50 mm in diameter) both in the morning and at night. The above comments refer to plants, such as Australian native dendrobiums, grown in bark-based mixes. Plants grown in Sphagnum moss retain moisture much longer and seldom need watering more than once every second day, even in the hottest weather. Some orchids, such as dendrobiums and varicosum-type oncidiums, like to dry out between waterings, whereas cymbidiums and paphiopedilums do much better if their potting mix is never allowed to become completely dry.

There is an added benefit to watering cymbidiums at night in summer. The cooling effect produced by watering at that time induces flowering. Temperatures need to fall to 13°C or lower over a succession of nights in December and January for this to happen. The required cooling effect is fairly easy for us to achieve but not for Brisbane growers, who have great trouble in persuading many of their cymbidiums to bloom. One genus that definitely benefits from watering at night is Pleione. Max Akam, one of Melbourne's largest pleione growers, always waters his plants at night, and believes it is particularly important in hot weather.

Some growers with heated glasshouses water the orchids therein in the evening all year round. Their rationale is that rain falls mainly in the late afternoon or evening in the tropical regions where most of their species orchids grow, and that they are doing only "what comes naturally". However, unless the minimum temperature is about 15°C and there is excellent air circulation, I believe that watering at night throughout the year will ultimately lead to attack by Botrytis and other fungal infection.

No orchids should be watered at midday in very hot weather. Soft-leaved orchids, such as lycastes and pleiones, will suffer from leaf scald, and so may the new growths on soft-cane and Australian native dendrobiums. Also, it's best not to apply liquid fertilisers in hot weather, and preferably not when the roots are dry. Always ensure that the potting mix is damp before applying liquid fertilisers, or you may damage the roots (this advice has been handed down by a long line of expert orchid growers but may not be scientifically based). I prefer to play safe and water one day and fertilise the next. By choosing a cool spell of weather, then it won't be necessary to water for another couple of days. This allows time for the nutrients to be absorbed by the plant before they are flushed away with the next watering.

Whatever your watering technique, the most important thing to your plants is that they are watered. The effort that you put into your cymbidiums during summer will be reflected in how well they flower in winter and spring. So give them a Happy Christmas too, and water them regularly over the holiday season.

### With thanks to the AUTHOR and to OSCOV

#### THE WARRINGAL ORCHID SOCIETY

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### **CULTIVATING THE GENUS Pterostylis by Rex Johnson**

Commonly known as greenhoods, rusty hoods or maroon hoods, members of the genus Pterostylis seem to be the unlikeliest flowers to be called orchids, but orchids they are. There are more than 120 species in Australia, more than 60 of them in Victoria and 37 in Tasmania, although many are common to both states. A peculiar characteristic of Pterostylis is the fused lateral sepals that rise from the base of the flower before separating to form two tails above a dorsal sepal. Together they form a hood (botanically known as a galea) above the column and lateral sepals.

Depending upon the species, the genus Pterostylis can be found in nature from sea level to alpine areas and in all types of terrain and climates. Most species have only one flower per stem but some multi-flowered species have as many as 24. Although they are commonly known as greenhoods, the colour of the flowers may range from green to brown, some species having reddish brown or maroon flowers. Green is by far the most common colour, although it may vary from light to dark green, often with white or translucent stripes. Flower size may vary from quite small (e.g. P. parviflora) to relatively large (e.g. P. baptistii). All are terrestrial orchids that become deciduous each year, usually in summer.

Growing pterostylis species or hybrids is so easy that many growers don't consider it to be sufficiently challenging. However, there are so many greenhoods that one could make an extensive collection of this genus alone. Many books and orchid society bulletins provide recipes for special terrestrial orchid potting mixes but some growers have excellent results using general potting mixes from their local nursery. Greenhoods are unsuitable for indoor culture but grow happily outdoors under shade cloth, preferably with a wire netting cover to keep blackbirds from digging out the plants in their search for worms.

Greenhoods commence growth from a subterranean tuber, usually in late winter, in many cases producing a rosette of leaves from which the flower stem emerges. In some cases the flower stem emerges beside the leaf rosette, while in a few cases the rosette withers before the flower buds open. All species may be propagated from seed but many also develop extra tubers, and thus form large colonies. If undisturbed, ten or a dozen tubers in a six-inch pot may multiply to a crowded potful within a few years.

When grown outdoors the plants need little more water than provided by general rainfall, except in periods of drought. The plants should be kept quite dry during the dormant period. Fertiliser should be used sparingly and only when the leaf rosettes are developing.

The easiest species for the beginner to grow are Pterostylis curta, P. nana and P. pedunculata, while the most attractive, easily grown hybrids are P. Cutie, P. Ingens and P. Jack Warcup.

With Thanks to the AUTHOR and to OSCOV

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